

Code: 12167



Version: 8 Revision: 02/03/2023 Previous revision: 20/12/2022 Date of printing: 02/03/2023

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:

IMPREX_IMPRIMACION EPOXI 2 COMPONENTES
Code: 12167 UFI: 5MP2-218T-500V-5KJD

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:

Intended uses (main technical functions): [] Industrial [X] Professional [X] Consumers

Anticorrosive paint.

Sectors of use:

Consumer uses (SU21), Professional uses (SU22),

Types of PCN use:

Paints/coatings - Protective and functional.

Uses advised against:

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use (industrial, professional or consumer) other than those previously listed as "Intended or identified uses".

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted.

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

PINTURAS ISAVAL, S.L.

c/Velluters, Parcela 2-14- P.I. Casanova - 46394 Ribarroja del Turia (Valencia) ESPAÑA

Phone number: +34 96 1640001 - Fax: +34 96 1640002 - www.isaval.es

- E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

atencionalcliente@isaval.es

1.4 <u>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:</u>

+34 96 1640001 8:00-18:00 h.



National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) - In England, Wales or Scotland: dial 111 - In N Ireland: contact your local GP or pharmacist during normal hours.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Classification of mixtures is carried out in accordance with the following principles: a) when data (tests) for the classification of mixtures are available, generally is carried out based on these data, b) in the absence of data (tests) for mixtures are generally used interpolation or extrapolation methods of assessing the risk, using the available data for mixtures similarly classified, and c) in the absence of tests and information which would allow to apply interpolation or extrapolation techniques, methods are used to classify risk assessment based on the data of the individual components in the mixture.

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP):

DANGER:Flam. Liq. 2:H225|Skin Irrit. 2:H315|Eye Irrit. 2:H319|Skin Sens. 1:H317|STOT RE 2:H373|Aquatic Chronic 2:H411

Danger class		Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects
Physicochemical:		Flam. Liq. 2:H225 c)	Cat.2	-	-	-
Human health: &		Skin Irrit. 2:H315 c) Eye Irrit. 2:H319 c) Skin Sens. 1:H317 c) STOT RE 2:H373 c)	Cat.2 Cat.2 Cat.1 Cat.2	Eyes Skin	Eyes Skin	Irritation Irritation Allergy Damage
Environment:	(L)	Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 c)	Cat.2	-	-	-

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP)

- Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.



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REACH /

CLP00

REACH

Skin Irrit, 2, H315: C ≥5 %

Eye Irrit. 2, H319:

C ≥5 %

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P280 Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with

P352-P312 plenty of water and soap.. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P305+P351+P338-P310

Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P273-P391-P501 Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulations.

Supplementary statements:

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

- Substances that contribute to classification:

Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS:

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

- Other physicochemical hazards:

Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive.

- Other adverse human health effects:

Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness. Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.

Other negative environmental effects:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

Endocrine disrupting properties:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCES:

Not applicable (mixture). 3.2 **MIXTURES**

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Mixture of pigments, resins and additives in organic solvents.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

20 < C < 25 % Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700) CAS: 25068-38-6, EC: 500-033-5, REACH: 01-2119456619-26

CLP: Warning: Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | Skin Sens. 1:H317 |

Aquatic Chronic 2:H411

Xylene (mixture of isomers) 15 < C < 20 %

CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7, REACH: 01-2119488216-32

CLP: Danger: Flam. Lig. 3:H226 | Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 | Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 | STOT

RE 2:H373 | Asp. Tox. 1:H304

5 < C < 10 % REACH / ATP01 Ethylmethylketone

CAS: 78-93-3. EC: 201-159-0. REACH: 01-2119457290-43

CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (narcosis)

3:H336 | EUH066

5 < C < 10 % Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) REACH / CAS: 7779-90-0, EC: 231-944-3, REACH: 01-2119485044-40 CLP00

CLP: Warning: Aquatic Acute 1:H400 | Aquatic Chronic 1:H410

REACH

2.5 < C < 5 % 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

CAS: 108-65-6, EC: 203-603-9, REACH: 01-2119475791-29 CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Stabilizers:

None.

Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 17/01/2023.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

Other recommendations:



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SECTION	4: FIRST AID MEASURES				
4.1	DESCRIPTION OF FIRST	•			
	seek medical attention	after exposure, so that in case of direct n.Never give anything by mouth to an unded protective equipment if there is a	inconscious per	rson.Lifeguards should pay atte	ntion to self-protection
	Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and dela	ayed	Description of first-aid measures	S
	Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may procheadache, dizziness, fatigue, muscula drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	ar weakness,	Remove the patient out of the confresh air. If breathing is irregular artificial respiration. If the person appropriate recovery position. Kon at rest until medical attention and	or stops, administer n is unconscious, place in eep the patient warm and
	Skin:	Skin contact causes redness.Prolonge cause skin dryness.		Remove immediately contamina thoroughly the affected area wit lukewarm water and neutral soa cleanser.	h plenty of cold or
	Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redne	·	Remove contact lenses.Rinse e irrigation with plenty of clean, fro minutes, holding the eyelids apa reduced.Call a physician immed	esh water for at least 15 art, until the irritation is
	Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of th abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, diarrhoea.	vomiting and	If swallowed, seek medical advicontainer or label. Do not induce of aspiration.Keep the patient at	e vomiting, due to the risk
4.2		PTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACL		AYED:	
	• •	cts are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11		TOE A TAKENT NEEDED	
4.3		EDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AN	ND SPECIAL	IREATMENT NEEDED:	
	Notes to physician:	at the control of symptoms and the clir	nical condition o	of the nations	
	Antidotes and contraindicate	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ilicai condition c	n the patient	
	Specific antidote not known.	dons.			
SECTION	5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURE	= 9			
	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:)				
5.1	Extinguishing powder or CO2				
5.2		ING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR	MIXTURE:		
0.2	As consequence of combustion	on or thermal decomposition, hazardou on or decomposition products may be	is products may		e, Carbon
5.3	ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTE				
0.0	Special protective equipme				
	Depending on magnitude of fi protective glasses or face ma	re, heat-proof protective clothing may be sks and boots.If the fire-proof protective afe distance.The standard EN469 provi	e equipment is	not available or is not being use	ed, combat fire from a

Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.



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SECTION	I 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
6.1	PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:
	Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.
6.2	ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:
	Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3	METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:
	Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc). Clean preferably with a biodegradable detergent. Keep the remains in a closed container.
6.4	REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:
	For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.
	For information on safe handling, see section 7.
	For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: 7.1

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

- General recommendations:

Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

- Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used.

Flashpoint Not applicable. Autoignition temperature:

7* °C (Pensky-Martens) CLP 2.6.4.3.

- Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

- Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Pay special attention to the cleaning water. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: 7.2

Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10.

- Class of store:

According to current legislation.

- Maximum storage period:

12 Months.

- Temperature interval:

min:5 °C, max:40 °C (recommended).

- Incompatible materials:

Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids, metals, alkalis, amines.

Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

- Limit quantity (Seveso III): Directive 2012/18/EU:

Not applicable (product for non industrial use).

SPECIFIC END USE(S): 7.3

For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available.



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

- OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (WEL)

EH40/2005 WELs (United	Year	WEL-TWA		WEL-STEL		Remarks
Kingdom) 2018		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	1996	100	434	150	651	BMGV, A4
Ethylmethylketone	1992	200	590	300	885	BMGV
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1996	-	10	-	-	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	50	275	100	550	Sk, Recommended

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit, TWA - Time Weighted Average (8 hours), STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min).

BMGV - Biological monitoring guidance value. BMGVs are non-statutory and any biological monitoring undertaken in association with a guidance value needs to be conducted on a voluntary basis (ie with the fully informed consent of all concerned).

Sk - Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.

A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.

- Dermal (Sk):

Means that, in exposures to this substance, the contribution by the cutaneous route, including the mucous membranes and eyes, may result significant for the overall body content if no measures are taken to prevent absorption. There are some chemicals for which dermal absorption, both in liquid and vapour phases, can be very high, and this route of entry may be or equal or greater importance even that inhalation pathway. In these situations, the use of a biological control is essential in order to quantify the overall amount of contaminant absorbed.

- BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Biological monitoring can be a very useful complementary technique to air monitoring when air sampling techniques alone may not give a reliable indication of exposure. Biological monitoring is the measurement and assessment of hazardous substances or their metabolites in tissues, secretions, excreta or expired air, or any combination of these, in exposed workers. Measurements reflect absorption of a substance by all routes. Biological monitoring may be particularly useful in circumstances where there is likely to be significant skin absorption and/or gastrointestinal tract uptake following ingestion, where control of exposure depends on respiratory protective equipment, where there is a reasonably well-defined relationship between biological monitoring and effect, or where it gives information on accumulated dose and target organ body burden which is related to toxicity.

This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value:

- Methyl ethyl ketone (2012): Biological determinant: methyl ethyl ketone in urine, BEI: 2 mg/l, Sampling time: end of shift (2), Notation: (Ns).

These indicators accumulate in the body during the work week, therefore the sampling time is critical in relation to previous exposures. (2) When the end of the exposition not coincide with the end of the working day, the sample will be taken as soon as possible after the real exposition ceases. Once the steady state that depends on each biological indicator (weeks, months) has been reached, sampling of these can be done at any time. &The biological determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. &(CDC: Guidelines for the identification and management of lead exposure in pregnant and lactating women, 2010).

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:-	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d	
Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	mg/ms		mg/kg bw/d	mg/kg bw/d	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	289 (a)	77 (c)	s/r (a) 180 (d	- (a)	- (c)
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	12,25 (a)	12,25 (c)	8,33 (a) 8,33 (d	- (a)	- (c)
Ethylmethylketone	- (a)	600 (c)	- (a) 1161 (d	- (a)	- (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a)	5 (c)	s/r (a) 83 (d	- (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	275 (c)	- (a) 153,5 (c	- (a)	- (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Local	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2	
effects, acute and chronic:	mg/ms		mg/cm2	Ing/cm2	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	289 (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (0	- (a)	- (c)
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a) - (d	- (a)	- (c)
Ethylmethylketone	- (a)	- (c)	- (a) - (d	- (a)	- (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (d	s) s/r (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	- (c)	- (a) - (d	- (a)	- (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, GENERAL	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	DNEL Eyes mg/kg bw/d	
POPULATION:- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	mg/ms		mg/kg bw/d	mg/kg bw/d	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	174 (a)	14,8 (c)	s/r (a) 108 (d	s/r (a)	1,6 (c)
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	- (a)	- (c)	3,571 (a) 3,571 (d	o,75 (a)	0,75 (c)
Ethylmethylketone	- (a)	106 (c)	- (a) 412 (c	- (a)	31 (c)



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Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a)	2,5 (c)	s/r (a)	83 (c)	s/r (a)	0,83 (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	33 (c)	- (a)	54,8 (c)	- (a)	1,67 (c)
- LOCAL EFFECTS, ACUTE AND CHRONIC:- Local effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2		DNEL Eyes mg/cm2	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	174 (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Ethylmethylketone	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).
- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

			
- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Fresh water	PNEC Marine	PNEC Intermittent
AQUATIC ORGANISMS:- Fresh water, marine	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
water and intermittent release:			
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	0.327	0.327	0.327
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	0.006	0.0006	0.018
Ethylmethylketone	55.8	55.8	55.8
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.0206	0.0061	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.635	0.0635	6.35
- WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS (STP)	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
AND SEDIMENTS IN FRESH- AND MARINE WATER:	mg/l	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	6.58	12.46	12.46
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	10	0.996	0.0996
Ethylmethylketone	709	284.74	284.7
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.1	117.8	56.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	100	3.29	0.329
- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
TERRESTRIAL ORGANISMS:- Air, soil and	mg/m3	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
effects for predators and humans:			
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	-	2.31	-
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	-	0.196	11
Ethylmethylketone	-	22.5	1000
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	35.6	n/b
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	0.29	-

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

n/b - PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

ENGINEERING MEASURES:







Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

- Protection of respiratory system:

Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

- Protection of eyes and face:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin.Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: REGULATION (EU) NO. 2016/425:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.



A-type filter mask (brown) for gases and vapours of organic compounds with a boiling point higher than 65°C (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume. In presence of high concentrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.



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Safety goggles:	✓	Safety goggles designed to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection (EN166).Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:		No.
Gloves:	✓	Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of >240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time >30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:		No.
Apron:		No.
Clothing:		Advisable.

- Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

- Spills on the soil:

Prevent contamination of soil.

- Spills in water:

Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

-Water Management Act:

This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.

- Emissions to the atmosphere:

Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

VOC (product ready for use*):

It is applicable the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents: PAINTS AND VARNISHES (defined in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory j) Two-pack performance coating, solvent-borne. VOC (product ready for use*): (IMPREX_IMPRIMACION EPOXI Cod. 12167 / ENDUREC IMPREX_IMPRIMACION Cod. 12168 = 100 / 15 in volume): 498,7 g/l (VOC max.500 g/l* starting from 01.01.2010)

VOC (industrial installations):

If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/CE (DL.127/2013, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 33,68 % Weight, VOC (supply): 33,68 % Weight, VOC: 26,59 % C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 99,95 , Number C atoms (average): 6,58



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: See the colour in the package

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: Not available (mixture).

Change of state

Melting point: Not available (mixture). Initial boiling point: 79,6* °C at 760 mmHg

- Flammability:

Flashpoint 7* °C (Pensky-Martens) CLP 2.6.4.3.

Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits: Not available - Not available

Autoignition temperature: Not applicable.

Stability

Decomposition temperature: Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the

data).

pH-value

pH: Not applicable (non-aqueous media).

Viscosity:

Dynamic viscosity: 1000* cps at 20°C Kinematic viscosity: 450 cSt at 20°C Viscosity (flow time): 200* sec. CF4 at 20°C

Solubility(ies):

Solubility in water Inmiscible

Liposolubility: Not applicable (inorganic product).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable (mixture).

Volatility:

33,9414* mmHg at 20°C Vapour pressure: Vapour pressure: 16,4577* kPa at 50°C Evaporation rate: Not available (lack of data).

Density

Relative density: 1,376* at 20/4°C Relative water Relative vapour density: 2,64* at 20°C 1 atm. Relative air

Particle characteristics

Particle size: Not applicable.

Explosive properties:

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Oxidizing properties:

Not classified as oxidizing product.

*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

OTHER INFORMATION: 9.2

Information regarding physical hazard classes

Flammable liquids: Combustibility: Combustible.

Other security features:

Heat of combustion: 4985 Kcal/kg VOC (supply): 33,7 % Weight VOC (supply): 498,7 g/l 66,32 * % Weight Nonvolatile:

1h. 60°C

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.



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SECTION	N 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY							
10.1	REACTIVITY:							
	- Corrosivity to metals:							
	It is not corrosive to metals.							
	- Pyrophorical properties:							
	It is not pyrophoric.							
10.2	CHEMICAL STABILITY:							
	Stable under recommended storage and handling							
10.3	POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:	_						
	Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents,	acids, metals, alkalis, amines.						
10.4	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:						
	- Heat:							
	Keep away from sources of heat.							
	- Light:							
	If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.							
	<u>- Air:</u>							
	The product is not affected by exposure to air, but	should not be left the containers	open.					
	- Humidity:							
	Avoid extreme humidity conditions.Moisture absorp	otion may have an effect on curi	ng speed, and on other properti	es as well.				
	- Pressure:							
	Not relevant.							
	- Shock:							
	The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a rec dents and breakage of packaging, especially wher							
10.5	INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:	Title product is flandled in large	quantities, and during loading a	and download operations.				
10.5	Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids, metals, al	kalia aminaa						
10.6	HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS							
10.0	As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazard		carbon monovide					
SECTION	N 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	ous products may be produced.	carbon monoxide.					
SECTION								
	No experimental toxicological data on the prep carried out by using the conventional calculation							
11.1	INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS I			9 (GLF).				
11.1	ACUTE TOXICITY:	DEFINED IN REGULATION (I	<u> </u>					
	Dose and lethal concentrations	DI 50 (OECD401)	DI 50 (OFCD402)	CLEO (OFCD403)				
	for individual ingredients:	DL50 (OECD401) mg/kg bw Oral	DL50 (OECD402) mg/kg bw Cutaneous	CL50 (OECD403) mg/m3·4h Inhalation				
	Xylene (mixture of isomers)	4300 Rat	1700 Rabbit	> 22080 Rat				
	Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	4300 Rat 11400 Rat	> 2000 Rabbit	- 22000 Rai				
I		1 1400 Rau	> ZUUU Rabbii					

for individual ingredients:	mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneous	mg/m3·4h Inhalation
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	4300 Rat	1700 Rabbit	> 22080 Rat
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	11400 Rat	> 2000 Rabbit	
Ethylmethylketone	2737 Rat	6480 Rabbit	> 23500 Rat
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	> 5000 Rat		> 5410 Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532 Rat	> 5000 Rat	> 35700 Rat

Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE) ATE for individual ingredients: mg/kg bw Ora mg/kg bw Cutaneous mg/m3·4h Inhalation Xylene (mixture of isomers) 11000 Vapours Ethylmethylketone 23500 Vapours Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) 5410 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 35700 Vapours

- (*) Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed to be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.
- (-) The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure route are ignored.

- No observed adverse effect level

Not available

- Lowest observed adverse effect level

Not available

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: ACUTE TOXICITY:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	



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Eyes: Not classified	Not available.		Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	5 5	available.	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	irritant by inhalation (based on available data,	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
- Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	_	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
- Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	-	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
- Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	1 3 7	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
- Skin sensitisation:	Skin	Cat.1	,	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-		'	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Systemic:	re 🗞	Systemic		- , 3	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects:

It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity:

It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction:

Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation:

Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE: Routes of exposure

May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

- Short-term exposure:

Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Long-term or repeated exposure:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.



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INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

- Dermal absorption:

This preparation contains the following substances for which dermal absorption can be very high: Xylene (mixture of isomers), 2-methoxy-1methylethyl acetate.

- Basic toxicokinetics:

Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin.

INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS: 11.2

Endocrine disrupting properties:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

Other information:

No additional information available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP).

TOXICITY: 12.1

- Acute toxicity in aquatic environment	CL50 (OECD 203)		
for individual ingredients	mg/l·96hours	mg/l·48hours	mg/l·72hours
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	14 - Fishes	16 - Daphniae	10 - Algae
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)	1.5 - Fishes	1.7 - Daphniae	9.4 - Algae
Ethylmethylketone	2993 - Fishes	308 - Daphniae	1972 - Algae
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.27 - Fishes	0.14 - Daphniae	0.26 - Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	134 - Fishes	408 - Daphniae	1000 - Algae

- No observed effect concentration	NOEC (OECD 210) mg/l · 28 days	NOEC (OECD 211) mg/l · 21 days	NOEC (OECD 201) mg/l · 72 hours
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)		0.3 - Daphniae	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		100 - Daphniae	

- Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

ASSESSMENT OF AQUATIC TOXICITY:

Aquatic toxicity	Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic environment	Criteria
 Acute aquatic toxicity: Not classified 	-	Not classified as a hazardous product with acute toxicity to aquatic life (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
- Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Cat.2	TOXIC: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3: Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based on summation of classified components.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4: Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) hazards, based on summation of classified components.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: 12.2

- Biodegradability:

Not available.

Aerobic biodegradation for individual ingredients	COD mgO2/g	%DBO/DQO 5 days 14 days 28 days	Biodegradabilidad
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	2620	52 81 88	Easy
Epoxy resin (average molecular weight <700)		1	Not easy
Ethylmethylketone	2440	48 - 98	Easy
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1520	22 78 90	Easy

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.

- Hydrolysis:

Not available.

- Photodegradability:

Not available.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: 12.3

May bioaccumulate.



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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

 Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2.

Not available.

WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014: 13.1

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Disposal of empty containers:Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.1 UN NUMBER OR ID NUMBER: 1263

UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: 14.2

PAINT

14.3 TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES):

Transport by road (ADR 2021) and Transport by rail (RID 2021):

- Class: 3 Ш - Packing group: - Classification code: F1 - Tunnel restriction code: - Transport category:

2. max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 333 L 5 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4)

- Limited quantities:

- Transport document: Consignment paper.

- Instructions in writing: ADR 5.4.3.4

Transport by sea (IMDG 39-18):

- Class: 3 - Packing group: Ш - Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-E,S E - First Aid Guide (MFAG): 310.313 - Marine pollutant:

- Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading.

Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2021):

FP<23°C, viscous according 2.2.3.1.4. <450 L (ADR) or 2.3.2.2. <30 L (IMDG) or 3.3.3.1.1. <30 L (IATA), VP<110 kPa50°C







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- Class: 3 - Packing group: III

- Transport document: Air Bill of lading.



Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available

14.5

14.4 PACKING GROUP:

See section 14.3

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Classified as hazardous for the environment.

14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

14.7 MARITIME TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO IMO INSTRUMENTS:

Not available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use:

See section 1.2

Tactile warning of danger:

If the product is intended for the public in general, a tactile danger sign is mandatory. The technical specifications for tactile warning devices shall conform with EN ISO standard 11683 relating to 'Packaging - Tactile warnings of danger - Requirements.'

Child safety protection:

Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met).

VOC information on the label:

Contains VOC max. 498,7 g/l for the product ready for use - The limit value 2004/42/EC-IIA cat. j) Two-pack performance coating, solvent-borne. is VOC max. 500 g/l (2010)

OTHER REGULATIONS:

Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III):

See section 7.2

Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

Hazard statements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP), Annex III:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Notes related to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances or mixtures:

Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

EVALUATION OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES:

See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- · Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- · Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2021).
- · European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2021).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 39-18 (IMO, 2018).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS:



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List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- · REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- · GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- · CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- · EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- · ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- · SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- · PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- · vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- · VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- · PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- · LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- · LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- UN: United Nations Organisation.
- · ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- · RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878.

<u>HISTORIC:</u>	REVISION:
Version: 5	09/06/2022
Version: 6	17/11/2022
Version: 7	20/12/2022
Version: 8	02/03/2023

Changes since previous Safety Data Sheet:

Legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety Data Sheet are identified by #.

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users" working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product"s properties.